



## St Paul's CE VC Junior School – Key Knowledge Progression Map

### Subject: RE

Year 3

Year 4

Year 5

Year 6

#### Christianity

##### Incarnation, Gospel, Salvation, The Fall

The place of worship for a Christian is the church where particular features of it are used for different purposes; altar, pulpit, lectern, organ and font.

The holy book for Christians is the Bible which is made up for different chapters: Old Testament, New Testament – Gospels.

Christians become a part of the family through baptism – infant or believers.

Jesus is Saviour –

Incarnation 'Word becomes flesh'

The Trinity is formed by the Father, Son and Holy Spirit.

Jesus is the Son of God. Performed miracles and enabled forgiveness through his Salvation. The story of Zacchaeus.

Jesus calming the storm teaches Christians that he has power over the forces of nature.

#### Christianity

##### Incarnation, God, Agape, Salvation

The story of Jesus calming the storm shows he had power over the forces of nature and healing Jairus' daughter showed that he had power over death.

That only God can do things like this.

Christians believe that Jesus is the Son of God.

Know how Jesus' teachings connect with the way Christians live today, e.g. through charitable and voluntary work.

Christians describe one God as Father, Son and Holy Spirit.

Water is used in infant and believer baptisms.

'I baptise you in the name of the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Spirit' – words used to welcome a person into the Christian church.

#### Christianity: Incarnation, God, Gospel, Salvation

- The nativity of Jesus concerns the Incarnation of Jesus: literally "become flesh". Incarnation is the belief that Jesus Christ is fully human and fully God.

• Identify how the belief that Jesus is "God is with us" helps a Christian in daily life. Christians pray because they believe that Jesus is with them to listen and to help.

- Understand how the Trinity represents expressions of God and make connections with how Christians see it reflected in everyday life in the wider community.

- Recall what Jesus said about selfless, unconditional love in the Beatitudes (part of the Sermon on

#### Christianity

##### Belief – God, Creation, Kingdom of God

\*Christians believe that "God is love" (1 John 4.8) – compassionate, all knowing (omniscient), everywhere at once (omnipresent), all powerful (almighty), pure, set apart (holy).

\*Christians believe that it matters what people do. When people treat others badly (sin) it makes God upset and angry.

\*Christians believe the Bible talks about what God is like and his relationship with people who believed in Him.

\*Humans have a duty to care for God's creation. They are the stewards of creation.

\* Recognise that there is diversity across religions in how the creation is interpreted.

<p>The Fall – God created a perfect world          Humanity went wrong          to save humanity, God had a salvation plan          God enters into the world as          The story of Jesus’ death          Jesus Christ who saves humanity          Understand that Christians believe that because Jesus died, they can be forgiven by God.</p> <p><b>Islam</b>          Pilgrimage is travelling to a special place. Islam means ‘submission’ Muslims means someone who has willingly submitted themselves to Allah. Praying 5 times a day is one way of doing this. Muslims believe that Muhammad had revelations over 22 years. The Qur’an is the holy book. It is a copy of the holy book. The Angel Gabriel is Mother of the Book. The Qur’an is treated with respect in many ways. God’s message is known as the ‘straight path’ = Shariah</p> <p><b>Humanism</b>          Secular means concerned with the ‘material world’ and not concerned with religion. Humanist means They believe it is possible to live a good and fulfilling life without following a traditional religion. They do not follow a holy book either.</p>	<p>Christians try to be like Jesus and obey his teachings in the things that they think and do.          The background to the GS = Samaritans and Jews are enemies. The Good Samaritan story teaches Christians of the need to ‘Love God and your neighbour as yourself; Jesus is asked who is my neighbour’. The story displays agape being freely given to all. The cross is a symbol for Christianity and came about from the story of the Fall.          Ash Wednesday, Maundy Thursday (The Last Supper), Good Friday, Palm Sunday form Holy Week.          Christians refer to Jesus as ‘the Saviour’</p> <p><b>Judaism</b>          G-d made the first covenant with Abraham. He promised to Abraham he’d be father of a nation in Canaan. The story of the 10 commandments came from the enslavement of people in Egypt, 10 plagues, the Pharoah releasing the Jews, leaving Exodus. Mt Sinai to receive the commandments (rules) the Jews had to live by. Jews celebrate exodus at Passover, the Seder meal helps Jews retell the story. Jews believe there is on G-d. The Shema expresses this key belief is placed on the doorpost of Jewish houses in a Mezezah.</p>	<p>the Mount, Matthew 5.1-12 &amp; 43-46). Give examples of what Christians are doing today to live out the teaching of Agape (selfless love).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Explain what Christians mean when they say that Jesus’ death was a sacrifice, using theological terms.</li> </ul> <p><b>Hinduism</b>          *describe and compare how important aspects of Hindu belief are celebrated and remembered.          * understand how the sacred text informs and guides a way of life.          * describe and compare different ways that believers demonstrate a commitment to a tradition of Hinduism.</p> <p><b>Compare Humanism and Christianity</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Understand what the ‘happy human’ logo tells us about the Humanist perspective.</li> <li>• • Be familiar with the term ‘agnostic’</li> <li>• Know that Humanism is a life stance but not a religion.</li> <li>• Suggest similarities and differences to the way Christians and Humanists approach life.</li> </ul>	<p>* Know that different religions provide believers with a worldview that can answer the Big Questions of Life.          * Make comparisons of how a worldview impacts belief, morals and values.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Islam</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Know that Islam means “Submission (to the will of Allah)”</li> <li>• God’s message is known as the ‘Straight Path’ or the Shariah which is taken from the Qur’an and the Sunnah.          * Know that humans have the role of Khalifah, trustees of Allah’s creation. All things belong to Allah. Muslims have always studied nature for signs and wonders of Allah.</li> <li>• Understand the practises that underpin The Five Pillars and how these affect Muslim life.</li> <li>• Raise and suggest answers to relevant questions in response to what they have learnt about Islamic belief through the story of Bilal.</li> </ul>
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<p>Instead, Humanists value traits like reason and rely on science to explain the way things are.</p> <p>Atheist don't use God to explain the existence of the universe.</p> <p>The 'happy human' logo was chosen in a competition organised by the British Humanist Association in 1965. It was designed by Dennis Barrington.</p> <p>Humanists look for truth as it is known and accessible through science, reason and the experience of human beings of the ever-changing material world.</p> <p>Humanists primarily make decisions and right and wrong based on what is perceived to bring justice, happiness and peace to individuals, communities and societies. Humanists do not believe that knowledge of right and wrong comes from a deity or that good deeds or wrong-doing will be judged/punished by a god or gods.</p>	<p>Jews attend the synagogue of Shabbat. The reading of the Torah (on a scroll) is important in the service. It is hand written on parchment in Hebrew. Some Jews wear Tefillin.</p> <p><b><u>Hinduism</u></b></p> <p>The origin of Hinduism comes from the story of Rama and Sita. Hindus light lamps to celebrate Diwali. They remember that God guides them in life, the way lamps light up darkness. Dharma means 'right living'</p> <p>The Hindu faith is called 'Hindu Dharma'</p> <p>Hindu holy books describe Rama and Krishna as Avatars. Hindus believe these are God, in human form and that God can chosen to be born as an Avatar, in any time and place, when the world needs God's help. Deities can be worshipped along Avatars.</p> <p>Puja is Hindu worship which uses many senses.</p> <p>Hindus perform puja once a day at home</p> <p>Puja helps Hindus hear God guiding them.</p>		
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